

## Office of the Attorney General State of Texas

DAN MORALES
ATTORNEY GENERAL

August 5, 1998

Mr. James R. Thompson Interim City Attorney City of Copperas Cove P.O. Drawer 1449 Copperas Cove, Texas 76522

OR98-1847

Dear Mr. Thompson:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Texas Open Records Act, chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 117468.

The City of Copperas Cove (the "city") received a request for a specific misdemeanor report. You claim that the requested information is excepted from disclosure under section 552.108 of the Government Code. We have considered the exception you claim and reviewed the submitted information.

Section 552.108, the "law enforcement exception," provides in relevant part as follows:

(a) [i]nformation held by a law enforcement agency or prosecutor that deals with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime is excepted from the requirements of 552.021 if: (1) release of the information would interfere with the detection, investigation or prosecution of crime; [or] (2) it is information that deals with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime only in relation to an investigation that did not result in conviction or deferred adjudication.

Generally, a governmental body claiming an exception under section 552.108 must reasonably explain, if the information does not supply the explanation on its face, how and why the release of the requested information would interfere with law enforcement. See Gov't Code §§ 552.108(a)(1), (b)(1), .301(b)(1); see also Ex parte Pruitt, 551 S.W.2d 706

(Tex. 1977). You explain that the requested information pertains to an active criminal investigation. We conclude that you have shown that the release of the requested information would interfere with the detection, investigation or prosecution of crime. See Houston Chronicle Publ'g Co. v. City of Houston, 531 S.W.2d 177 (Tex. Civ. App.--Houston [14th Dist.] 1975), writ ref'd n.r.e. per curiam, 536 S.W.2d 559 (Tex. 1976) (court delineates law enforcement interests that are present in active cases); Open Records Decision No. 216 (1978).

We note, however, that information normally found on the front page of an offense report, including a detailed description of the offense, is generally considered public. Houston Chronicle Publ'g Co. v. City of Houston, 531 S.W.2d 177 (Tex. Civ. App.--Houston [14th Dist.] 1975), writ ref'd n.r.e. per curiam, 536 S.W.2d 559 (Tex. 1976); Open Records Decision No. 127 (1976). It does not appear that a detailed description of the offense has been released. Thus, the city must make a detailed description of the offense available to the public in accordance with Houston Chronicle.

We are resolving this matter with an informal letter ruling rather than with a published open records decision. This ruling is limited to the particular records at issue under the facts presented to us in this request and should not be relied on as a previous determination regarding any other records. If you have any questions regarding this ruling, please contact our office.

June Hawlen

June B. Harden

Assistant Attorney General Open Records Division

JBH/ch

Ref.:

ID# 117468

Enclosures:

Submitted documents

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The content of the information determines whether it must be released in compliance with *Houston Chronicle*, not its literal location on the first page of an offense report. Open Records Decision No. 127 (1976) contains a summary of the types of information deemed public by *Houston Chronicle*.

cc: Mr. D. V. Kaplan

1315 Falcon Trail Copperas Cove, Texas 76522

(w/o enclosures)